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H500

APPLICATION

- Intrinsically safe for Gas and Dust to:
Class I, Zone 0 Ex ia / AEx ia
Zone 20 Ex ia / AEx ia
Class I, Division 1; Class II, Division 1;
Class III, Division 1
- Non-contacting inductive technology to eliminate wear
- Angle set to customer's requirement
- Compact, durable and reliable
- High accuracy and stability
- Sealing to IP67



As a leading designer and manufacturer of linear, rotary, tilt and intrinsically safe position sensors, Althen has the expertise to supply a sensor to suit a wide variety of applications. Our H500 incorporates electronics system EX08 which is CSA approved for use in potentially explosive **gas/vapour and dust** atmospheres. The H500 is designed for industrial and scientific feedback applications and is ideal for OEMs seeking good sensor performance for arduous applications in hazardous areas. The H500, like all Althen sensors, is supplied with the output calibrated to the angle required by the customer, between 16 and 160 degrees and with full EMC protection built in. The sensor provides a linear output proportional with input shaft rotation, which has full 360 degree rotational freedom.

There is a machined registration mark to identify the calibrated mid point. Overall performance, repeatability and stability are outstanding over a wide temperature range. The H500 has long service life and environmental resistance with a rugged stainless steel body, shaft, flange or servo mount. The flange or servo mounting options make the sensor easy to install, it also offers a range of mechanical options. Environmental sealing is to IP67.

SPECIFICATIONS

Dimensions¹	
Body diameter	35 mm
Body Length (to seal face)	44 mm
Shaft	15 mm Ø 6 mm
Independent Linearity	≤ ± 0.25% FSO @ 20°C - up to 100°
Temperature Coefficients	< ± 0.01%/°C Gain & < ± 0.01%FS/°C Offset
Frequency Response	> 10 kHz (-3dB)
Resolution	Infinite
Noise	< 0.02% FSO
Torque	< 20 mNm Static
Intrinsic Safety²	Class I, Zone 0 Ex ia IIC T4 Ga AEx ia IIC T4 Ga Class I, Zone 20 Ex ia IIIC T135°C Da AEx ia IIIC T135°C Da Class I, Division 1, Groups A, B, C, D; T4 Class II, Division 1, Groups E, F, G, T135°C Class III Division 1; (Ta = -40°C to +80°C)
Sensor Input Parameters (connector option/s) (cable option/s)	Ui: 11.4V, Ii: 0.20A, Pi: 0.51W. Ci: 1.16µF, Li: 50µH Ci: 1.36µF, Li: 860µH with 1km max. cable
Environmental Temperature Limits	
Operating	-40°C to +80°C
Storage	-40°C to +125°C

SPECIFICATIONS (CONTINUED)

Sealing	IP65/IP67 depending on connector / cable option
EMC Performance	EN 61000-6-2, EN 61000-6-3
Vibration	IEC 68-2-6: 10 g
Shock	IEC 68-2-29: 40 g
MTBF	350,000 hrs 40°C Gf
Drawing List ³ H500-11	Sensor Outline

¹ For full mechanical details see drawings H500-11
² Approval only applies to the specified ambient temperature range and atmospheric conditions in the range 0.80 to 1.10 Bar, oxygen ≤ 21%
³ 3D models, step or .igs format, available on request

INTRINSICALLY SAFE EQUIPMENT

Intrinsically safe equipment is defined as “equipment which is incapable of releasing sufficient electrical or thermal energy under normal or abnormal conditions to cause ignition of a specific hazardous atmosphere mixture in its most easily ignited concentration.” CSA approved to;

- Class I, Zone 0 Ex ia IIC T4 Ga AEx ia IIC T4 Ga
- Class I, Zone 20 Ex ia IIIC T135°C Da AEx ia IIIC T135°C Da
- Class I, Division 1, Groups A, B, C, D; T4
- Class II, Division 1, Groups E, F, G, T135°C;
- Class III Division 1;
- (Ta = -40°C to +80°C)

Designates the sensor as belonging to; Class I, Zone 0 / Class I, Zone 20: can be used in areas with continuous, long or frequent periods of exposure to hazardous gas or dust.

Gas:
Protection class ia IIC, denotes intrinsically safe for Zones 0, 1 & 2 and IIA, IIB and IIC explosive gases.
Temperature class T4: maximum sensor surface temperature under fault conditions 135°C.

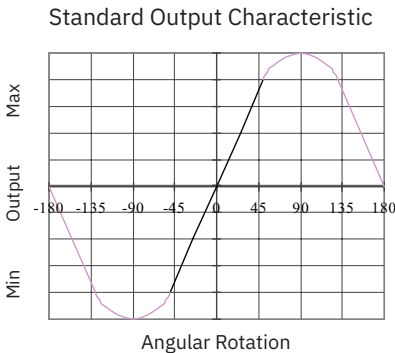
Dust:
Protection class ia IIIC, denotes intrinsically safe for Zones 20 & 21 explosive dust.
T135°C: maximum sensor surface temperature under fault conditions 135°C.

Ambient temperature range extended to -40°C to +80°C.
It is imperative Althen intrinsically safe sensors be used in conjunction with a galvanic barrier to meet the requirements of the product certification. The Althen G005 Galvanic Isolation Amplifier is purpose made for Althen IS sensors making it the perfect choice. Refer to the G005 datasheet for product specification and output configuration options.
For cable lengths exceeding 10 metres a five wire connection is recommended to eliminate errors introduced by cable resistance and associated temperature coefficients.
CSA approved sensors suitable for gas (G series) applications, are also available from Althen.

H500	a	b	c	d	e	f	g
	Displacement	A	Y	Connections	Option	Option	Z000

a Displacement		Value
Factory set to any angle from 0-16° (±8°) to 0-160° (±80°) (e.g. 0-54°)		54
b Output		
Supply V _{dc} (tolerance)	Output	Code
+5V (4.5 - 5.5V)	0.5 - 4.5V (ratiometric with supply)	A
Supply Current: 10mA nominal, 12mA max.		
c Calibration Adjustments		Code
Sealed		Y
d Connections		Code
Connector IP67 4 pin M12 IEC 61076-2-101, metal		J
Connector IP67 4 pin M12 IEC 61076-2-101, metal, pre-wired 3-core cable		Jxx
Connector IP67 4 pin M12 IEC 61076-2-101, metal, pre-wired 5-core cable		JQxx
Cable gland IP67 Pg9, metal, 3-core cable		Lxx
Cable gland IP67 Pg9, metal, 5-core cable		LQxx
Cable gland, short† IP67, metal, 3-core cable		Mxx
Cable gland, short† IP67, metal, 5-core cable		MQxx
Specify required cable length 'xx' in cm. e.g. L2000 specifies axial cable gland with 20 m of cable, 50 cm supplied as standard. Note! maximum length supplied 15000cm. †Nb: restricted cable pull strength.		

e Shaft Option	Code
None default	blank
Sprung to stop up to 100° maximum	N
f Sensor Mounting	Code
Flange default	blank
Servo Mount	P
See drawing H500-11 for details.	
g Z-code	Code
Calibration to suit G005 required	Z000
±0.1% FSO @20°C Independent Linearity 0 - 16° min. to 0 - 100° max.	Z650



THREE OR FIVE-WIRE MODE CONNECTION

The aim of this document is to help readers who do not understand what is meant by three or five wire modes of connection between the galvanic isolation amplifier and sensor, and the factors behind them. It is by no means an in-depth technical analysis of the subject.

Whether opting for a pre-wired Althen Intrinsically Safe sensor or one with a connector, choosing the right mode of connection and cable to suit the application requires careful consideration.

Interconnecting cables are not perfect conductors and offer resistance to current flow, the magnitude of resistance[†] depends on conductors resistivity, which changes with temperature, cross sectional area[†] and length. If the voltage were to be measured at both ends of a length of wire it would be found they are different, this is known as volts drop. Volts drop changes with current flow and can be calculated using Ohm's law, it should be noted that volts drop occurs in both positive and negative conductors. The effects of volts drop can be reduced by increasing the conductors cross sectional area, this does not however eliminate the effects due to temperature variation. There are instances where large cross-section cables are not practical; for example most standard industrial connectors of the type used for sensors have a maximum conductor capacity of 0.75mm², copper prices and ease of installation are other considerations.

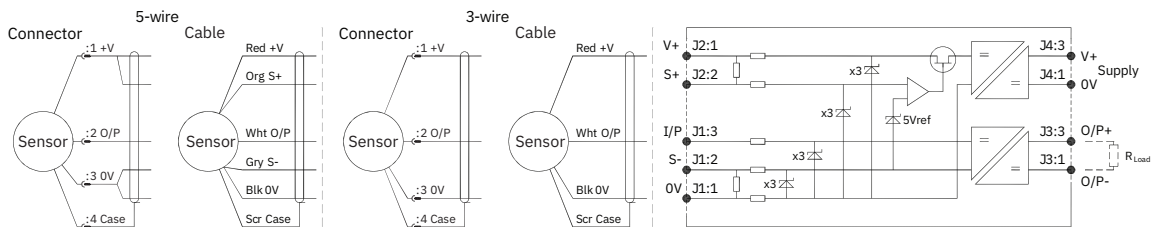
This is important because the effects of volts drop can significantly alter the perceived accuracy of the sensor which is ratiometric i.e. the output signal is directly affected by the voltage across the sensor. Changes in temperature will also be seen as gain variation in the sensor output.

Three wire mode connections are common and are suitable in most cases with short or moderate cable runs. Applications that do not require a high degree of accuracy but have cable runs, say in excess of 10m, volts drop can reduced by introducing a terminal box close to the sensor and using a larger cross-section cable for a majority of the cable run. Sensors supplied with three core cable are calibrated with the cable fitted which largely eliminates errors due to conductor resistance at room temperature however, as mentioned above, small gain errors due to temperature fluctuations should be expected.

Five wire mode connections have significant benefits as losses in the positive and negative conductors are compensated for by the galvanic isolation amplifier which can ‘sense’ the voltage across the sensor and dynamically adjust the output voltage so that the voltage across the sensor is correct. The effects of cable resistance and associated temperature coefficients are eliminated allowing for smaller conductors than a three wire connection for the same cable run. The amplifier can compensate for up to 15Ω per conductor with a current flow of 15mA, which is more than adequate for 150m of 0.25 mm² cable, longer lengths will require larger conductors.

For this reason Althen recommends five wire connections for cable lengths exceeding 10 metres in 0.25 mm² cable to preserve the full accuracy of the sensor.

See illustrations below for examples of connecting a sensor to the galvanic isolation amplifier.



Cable Length (metres)	Up to 150	150 - 300	300 - 450	450 - 600	600 - 900	900 - 1000
Cross Section (mm²)	0.25	0.5	0.75	1.0	1.5	2.0

The table above shows recommended conductor sizes with respect to cable length for both three and five wire connections, based on copper conductors. Three wire connections will introduce a gain reduction of 5% and a ±1% temperature dependence of gain over the range -40°C to +80°C for the cable temperature. (i.e. about -150 ppm/°C for the maximum lengths shown and less pro rata for shorter lengths.)

It should be noted that the maximum cable length, as specified in the sensor certification, takes **precedence** and **must not** be exceeded.

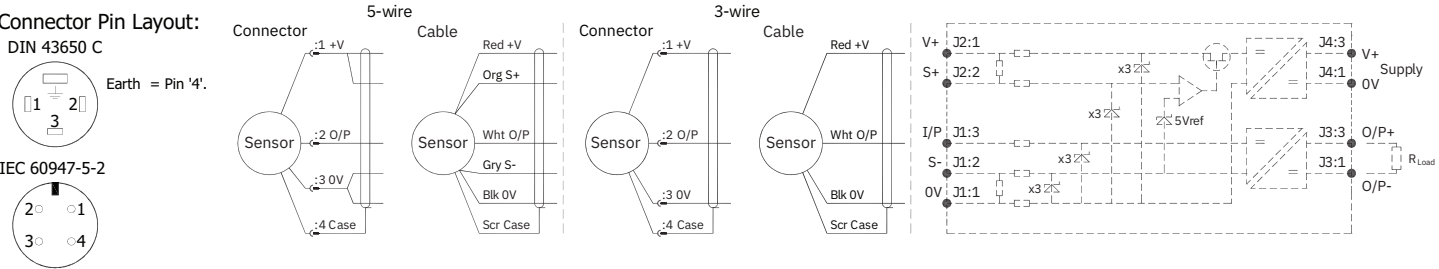
Althen sensors are supplied with three core 0.25 mm² cable as standard, however five core 0.25 mm² cable can be supplied on request. The galvanic isolation amplifier is available as;

- G005-*** for ‘G’ and ‘H’ prefix sensors
- X005-*** for ‘E’, ‘M’ and ‘X’ prefix sensors

† $R = \rho L / A$ ρ is the resistivity of the conductor (Ωm) L is the length of conductor (m) A is the conductor cross-sectional area (m^2).
‡ It is presumed that direct current flow is uniform across the cross-section of the wire, the galvanic isolation amplifier and sensor are a dc system.

INSTALLATION INFORMATION

CSA Qualified Intrinsically Safe Device Certificate number 13.2588225		Ex ia IIC T4 Ga Class I, Zone 0, AEx ia IIC T4 Ga Class I, Division 1, Groups A, B, C, D; T4 Ex ia IIIC T135°C Da Zone 20, AEx ia T135°C Da; Class II, Division 1, Groups E, F, G, T135°C; Class III Division 1; (Ta = -40°C to +80°C)	
Electronics Version	Output Description	Supply Voltage: V _s (tolerance)	Load resistance
EX08	0.5 - 4.5V (ratiometric with supply)	+5V (4.5 - 5.5V) 10mA Nom.	5kΩ min



PUTTING INTO SERVICE

This sensor must only be installed, operated and maintained by competent and suitably trained personnel. The installation and maintenance must be carried out in accordance with all appropriate international, national and local standard codes of practice and site regulations for intrinsically safe apparatus. The use, installation, or maintenance of the sensor, in any other way than intended, may impair its operation or the protection it provides.

The sensor must be used with a galvanic isolation barrier designed to supply the sensor with a nominal 5V and to transmit the sensor output to a safe area. The barrier parameters must not exceed:-

U _i = 11.4V	I _i = 0.20A	P _i = 0.51W
C _i = 1.36μF*	L _i = 860μH*	(with maximum length integral cable)
C _i = 1.16μF	L _i = 50μH	(without integral cable)

*Figures for 1km cable where: C_i = 200pF/m & L_i = 810nH/m
Cable characteristics must not exceed:-
Capacitance: ≤ 200 pF/m or max. total of: 200 nF
Inductance: ≤ 810 nH/m or max. total of: 810 μH
Approval only applies to specified ambient temperature range and atmospheric conditions in the range: 0.80 to 1.10 Bar, oxygen ≤ 21%.

Markings and safety parameter information for product marked EX06, see annex 1.

SPECIAL CONDITION FOR SAFE USE

The apparatus does not meet the 500 V r.m.s dielectric strength test between circuit and frame, in accordance with clause 6.3.13 of IEC 60079-11:2011. This must be taken into consideration on installation.

When using a Sensor that has an integral cable in a dust application, the free end of the cable shall be appropriately terminated for the zone of use.

Under certain extreme circumstances, the non-metallic and isolated metal parts incorporated in the enclosure of this equipment may generate an ignition-capable level of electrostatic charge. Therefore the equipment shall not be installed in a location where the external conditions are conducive to the build-up of electrostatic charge on such surfaces. This is particularly important if the equipment is installed in a zone 0 location. In addition, the equipment shall only be cleaned with a damp cloth.

Use: The sensor is designed to measure Linear or rotary displacement and provide a proportional analogue output signal.

Assembly and Dismantling:
The unit is not to be serviced or dismantled and re-assembled by the user.

WARNING: Substitution of components may impair intrinsic safety.

AVERTISSEMENT: La substitution de composants peut altérer la sécurité intrinsèque.

Maintenance:
Accumulated dust layer must not exceed a depth of 200mm.

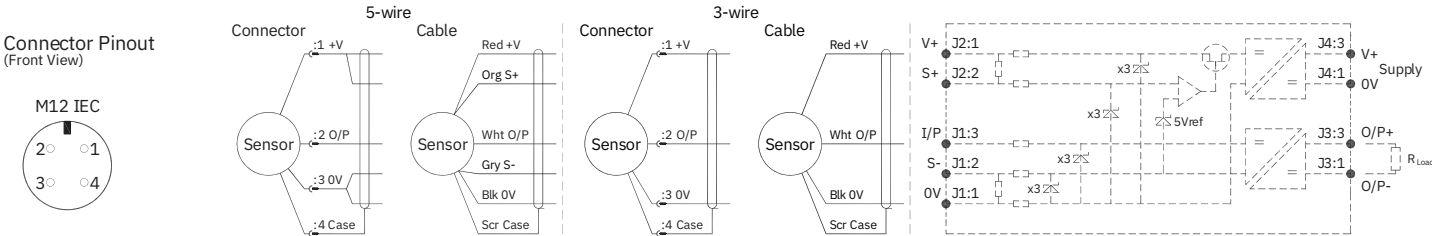
ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS

Pollution degree: 2
Installation category: I
Humidity 80% to temperatures up to 31 °C decreasing linearly to 50% rH at 40 °C; /// max 80% rh, non condensing.
The sensor has been assessed for indoor use only. Where used outdoors suitable environmental protection **must** be provided.

Annex 1 - Markings and Entity Parameters for product with EX06 electronics system.
Class I, Zone 0
Ex ia IIC T4 (Ta= -40 to 80°C)
AEx ia IIC T4 (Ta= -40 to 80°C)
AEx iaD IIIC T93°C (Ta= -40 to 80°C)

Ui = 11.4V	Ii = 0.20A	Pi = 0.51W
Ci = 1.36µF*	Li = 710µH*	(with maximum length integral cable)
Ci = 1.16µF	Li = 50µH	(without integral cable)

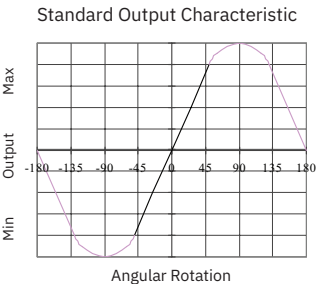
*Figures for 1km cable where: Ci = 200pF/m & Li = 660nH/m
Cable characteristics must not exceed:-
Capacitance: ≤ 200 pF/m or max. total of: 200 nF
Inductance: ≤ 660 nH/m or max. total of: 660 µH



N.b. sensors supplied with cable, the free end must be appropriately terminated.
Warning - The M12 IEC connector may be rotated for purposes of convenient orientation of the connector and cable, however rotating the connector more than one complete revolution is not recommended. **Repeated rotation of the connector will damage the internal wiring!**

OUTPUT CHARACTERISTIC

The sensor has full rotational freedom and two sectors, 180° apart, over which linear response can be achieved. At the mid point of the calibrated range the output signal will be half full scale deflection, and the flat on the shaft is aligned with the registration mark in the base of the sensor. In the calibrated range the output increases as the shaft is rotated in an anti-clockwise direction viewed from the shaft. The calibrated output is factory set to be between 16° and 160°.

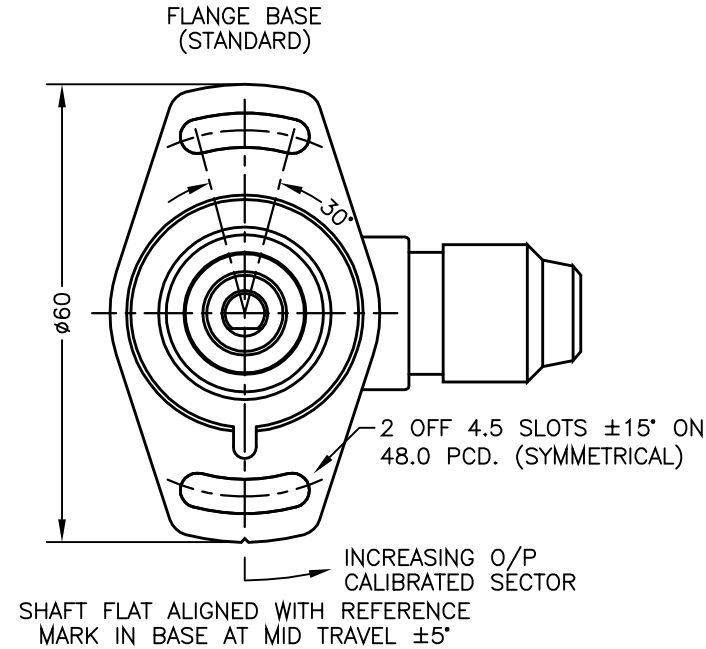
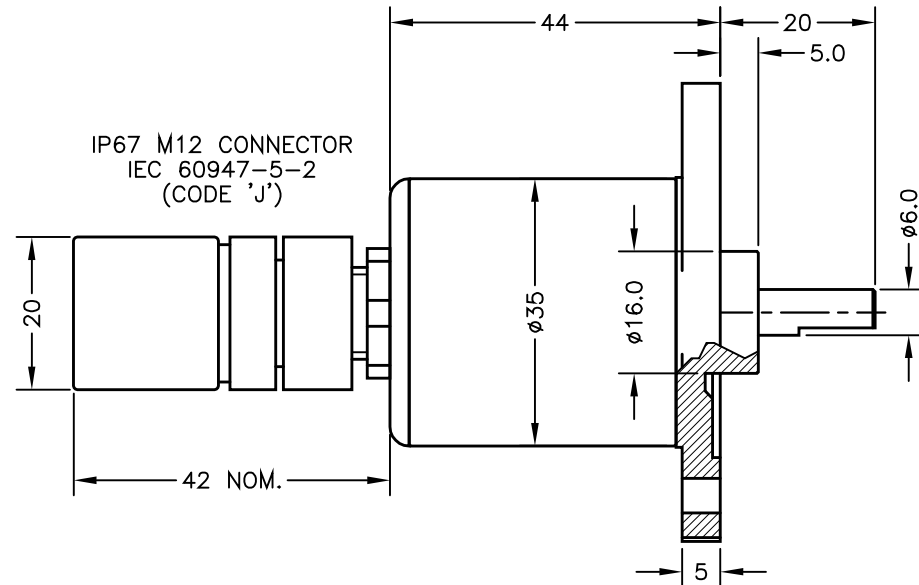
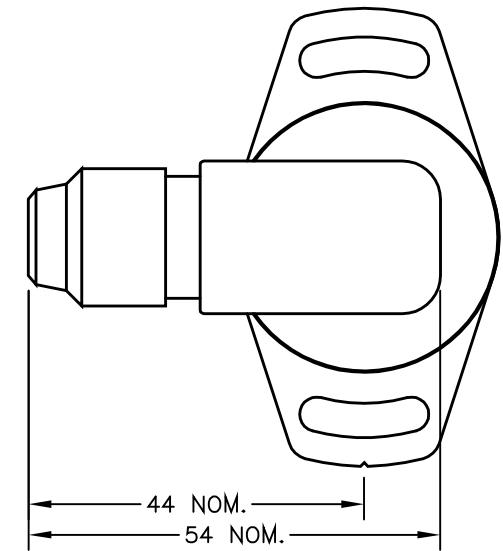


MECHANICAL MOUNTING

Flange mounted or servo mount, with appropriate clips - see drawing H500-11. The sensor should be mounted with minimal axial and radial loading on the shaft for optimum life. It is recommended that the shaft is coupled to the drive using a flexible coupling. Tests indicate that life in excess of 16 million cycles can be achieved with 1kg side and end load.

INCORRECT CONNECTION PROTECTION LEVELS

A	Not protected – the sensor is not protected against either reverse polarity or over-voltage. The risk of damage should be minimal where the supply current is limited to less than 50mA.
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ELECTRICAL OPTIONS/ SPECIFICATIONS

OUTPUT SUPPLY
0.5 TO 4.5V RATIOMETRIC 5V
SUPPLY CURRENT 12mA TYP. 20mA MAX.

CABLE: 0.2mm², 0/A SCREEN, PUR JACKET – SUPPLIED
WITH 50cm OR REQUIRED LENGTH IN cm (15000cm MAX).
STANDARD 3–CORE: JACKET ø4mm BLACK e.g. 'L50'
OPTIONAL 5–CORE: JACKET ø4.6mm BLUE e.g. 'LQ50'

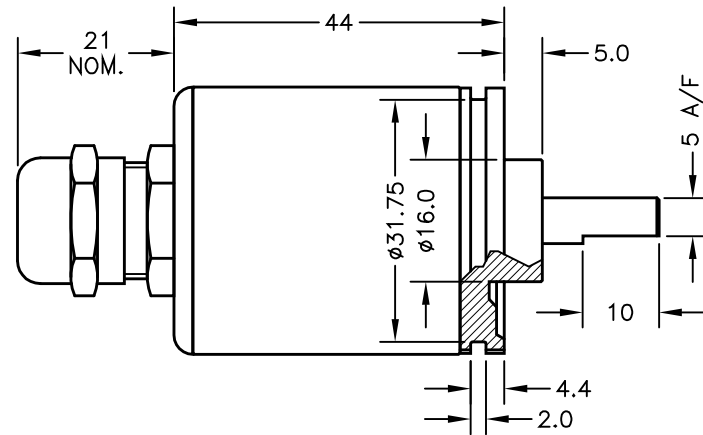
CABLE/CONNECTOR* CONNECTIONS;
3 CORE 5 CORE CONNECTOR
RED RED :1 +Ve
– ORG :1 +SENSE (5–WIRE ONLY)
BLACK BLACK :3 0V
– GRY :3 –SENSE (5–WIRE ONLY)
WHITE WHITE :2 OUTPUT
SCREEN SCREEN :4 BODY

*CONNECTORS; MAXIMUM CONDUCTOR CROSS SECTION 0.75mm²
RANGE OF DISPLACEMENT FROM 0–16° TO 0–160° e.g.76°,
IN INCREMENTS OF 1°.

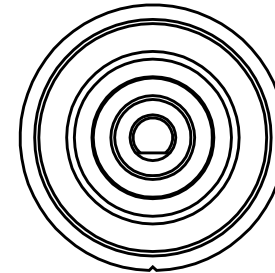
BODY MATERIAL:– STAINLESS STEEL.
FLANGE BASE MATERIAL:– STAINLESS STEEL.
SERVO MOUNT MATERIAL:– STAINLESS STEEL.

FURTHER OPTIONS:
SPRING RETURN (CODE 'N') AVAILABLE UP TO ±50°
CALIBRATED OUTPUT, PHYSICAL STOPS ±55°
NOTE STANDARD DEVICE HAS NO STOPS.

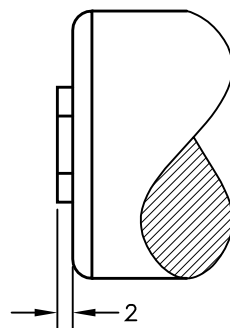
IP67 CABLE GLAND
(CODE 'Lxx'/'LQxx')



SERVO MOUNT
(CODE 'P')



IP67 SHORT CABLE GLAND
– AXIAL (CODE 'Mxx'/'MQxx')



NOTE:– READ INSTALLATION SHEET H000–19
FOR FULL INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE.

CSA APPROVED TO
Class I Zone 0
Ex/AEx ia IIC T4 (Ta= -40 to 80°C)
Ex iaD 20 T93°C(Ta= -40 to 80°C)
Ui 11.4V, Ii 0.2A, Pi 0.51W

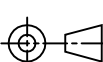

APPROVED FOR USE IN CONJUNCTION
WITH A GALVANICALLY ISOLATED BARRIER.

NOTE: APPROVAL ONLY APPLIES AT NORMAL
ATMOSPHERIC PRESSURE!

A	FIRST ISSUE.	PDM
B	DISP. 16 TO 160° WAS 20 TO 160° RAN442	PDM
C	5-CORE OPTION ADDED ~ RAN1102	PDM
D	OPTION 'M' ADDED ~ RAN1166, RANGE NOTE AMENDED ~ RAN1200	PDM



DRAWINGS NOT TO BE CHANGED WITHOUT REFERENCE TO THE CHANGE PROCEDURE.
CHANGES TO PARTS USED IN INTRINSICALLY SAFE PRODUCT MUST BE APPROVED
BY THE AUTHORISED PERSON
THIS IS AN UNCONTROLLED PRINT AND WILL NOT BE UPDATED.

A	19/03/13		CHECKED BY	X	±0.4
B	07/11/13		RDS	X.X	±0.2
C	26/04/17			X.XX	±0.1
				DIMS	mm
D	11/09/17	DESCRIPTION			
		H500 INTRINSICALLY SAFE			
		ROTARY SENSOR			
SCALE 10mm 		DRAWING NUMBER		H500-11	REV <div>D</div>
				SHEET	<div>1</div> OF <div>1</div>