



### MRE52, MRE54, MRE62







#### Description

- High resolution
- Wide mechanical range
- Strong and reliable

Available with a wide array of mechanical solutions, absolute encoders series MRE52, MRE54 and MRE62 grant high resolutions (8, 9, 10, 12 or 13 bits). The different output signals (serial or parallel) and voltage supplies allow to couple them to any counting system or PLC.

#### Mechanical and Environmental specifications

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Туре	MRE52	MRE54	MRE62		
	servo coupling	round flange	square flange mm 63.5x63.5		
	Ø 58 mm	Ø 58 mm centering mask	mm 63.5x63.5		
	SIZE 23	centering mask Ø 36 mm	SIZE 25		
Weight	320 g	350 g	440 g		
Materials: case	Aluminium				
shaft	Stainless Steel				
Shaft diameter	6, 8, 9.52, 10 mm				
Revolutions/minute		6000			
Starting torque		≥0,2 Ncm			
Inertia	≥5 g cm <sup>2</sup>				
Max load	20N axial / 40N radial				
Shock resistance (11 ms)		30 G			
Vibrations resistance (10÷2000 Hz)		10 G			
Protection dégree		IP64			
Operating temperature		0÷60° C			
Stocking temperature		-15 ÷ 70° C			

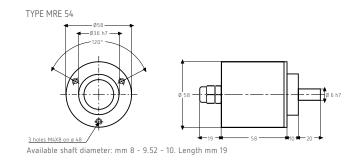
#### Electrical and operating specifications

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Encoder with resolution	8 bits	9 bits	10 bits	12 bits	13 bits	
Pulse code	Binary or Gray					
Resolution	8 bits	9 bits	10 bits	12 bits	13 bits	
Positions/revolutions	256	512	1024	4096	8192	
Output signals	SSI Serial output (RS422), NPN or PNP open collector or push-pull parallel output					
Supply	10 ÷ 24 Vdc or 5 Vdc ± 5%					
Current consuption (unconnected ch.)	50 mA ÷ 175 mA					
Parallel outputs I max	50 mA					
Clock SSI max. frequency	1 MHz					
Accuracy	±1LSB			± 1/2 LSB		
Max frequency	100 KHz					
Connection outlet	axial cable 1 m	long				

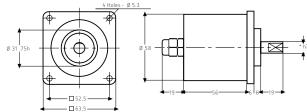


#### Dimensions

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Available shaft diameter: mm 8 - 9.52 - 10.

#### Typical applications

- Detection of displacements on operating machines (packing machines, sheet, marble, wood-working,textile machinery etc.)
- Camme operation on presses
- Revolving turrets on machine tools

#### Input and Output signals

8/9-bit encoder parallel output	8/9-bit encoder parallel output	10/12/13-bit encoder parallel output	10/12/13-bit encoder serial output
BIT 1 (LSB)	DATO	BIT 1 (LSB)	DATO
BIT 2	DATO	BIT 2	DATO
BIT 3	CLOCK	BIT 3	CLOCK
BIT 4	CLOCK	BIT 4	CLOCK
BIT 5	0 V	BIT 5	UP/DOWN
BIT 6	+ Vcc	BIT 6	0 V
BIT 7		BIT 7	+ Vcc
BIT 8		BIT 8	
BIT 9 (MSB)		BIT 9	
LATCH		BIT 10	
0 V		BIT 11	
+ Vcc		BIT 12	
		BIT 13 (MSB)	
		LATCH	
		UP/DOWN	
		0 V	

#### I ATCH INPLIT

Activating the LATCH signal allows to keep the output data unchanged even with rotating shaft (the option is only available for versions with parallel outputs)

LATCH input configuration:

NPN for NPN outputs

PNP for PNP outputs

#### UP/DOWN INPUT (U/D)

Connecting input U/D with OV allows to invert the absolute code: this would be the same as rotating the shaft in the opposite direction.

Remark: the absolute code cannot be inverted on 8/9-bit binary magnetic encoders. If necessary the inversion can be done by the receiver. The operation consists in complementing all bits of the received code (via hardware or via software).

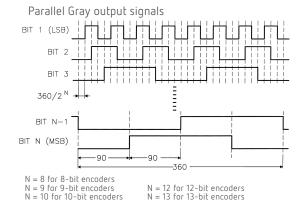


#### Input and Output signals

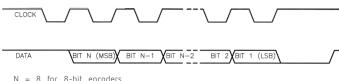
# Parallel binary output signals BIT 1 (LSB) BIT 2 360/2<sup>N</sup> BIT N (MSB) 360

N = 8 for 8-bit encoders N = 9 for 9-bit encoders N = 10 for 10-bit encoders

N = 12 for 12-bit encoders N = 13 for 13-bit encoders

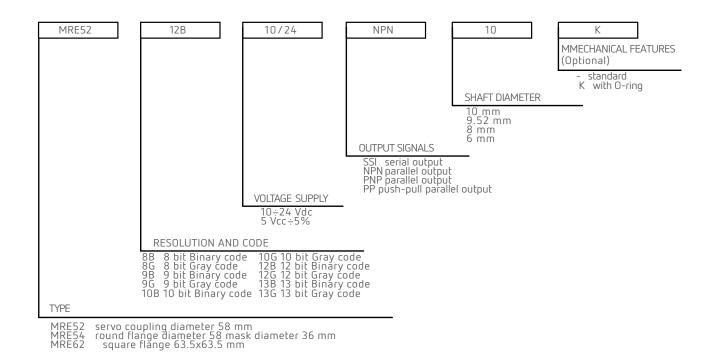


SSI output signals



N = 8 for 8-bit encoders N = 9 for 9-bit encoders N = 10 for 10-bit encoders N = 12 for 12-bit encoders N = 13 for 13-bit encoders

#### Ordering information



Page 3/3

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