





2 Channel Strain Gauge Amplifier GLET-SG2K-BA2-Bi7 **GLET-SG2K-BNC-Bi7** 







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# ■ 1 General Information

To ensure reliable and safe operation, the measuring amplifier must be operated in compliance with the specifications according to this technical description only. These regulations must also be observed if accessories, that have been ordered from Althen Mess- & Sensortechnik GmbH together with the measuring amplifier being used.

**Notice:** Every person who is in charge for the start-up or service of this measuring amplifier must have read this technical manual and must have understood the safety instructions in particular.

### 1.1 Safety Instructions

When using the amplifier, the legal- and safety regulations for each case of application must be observed. To avoid risks for the system or the operator the following points are to be considered.

- If any visual damage or malfunctions are noticed, the measuring system must be switched off and marked appropriately.
- Disconnect the supply voltage before opening the device.
- The complete measuring unit must be protected against contact and influence of unauthorized persons.
- In the case of a safety-relevant application, where a potential malfunction could cause damage to property or persons, it is imperative that an additional, independent monitor is provided.
- In combination with sensors, the maximum loads / pressures etc. must never be exceeded.

If you have reasons to assume that safe operation is no longer possible, immediately take the device out of operation and secure it against unintentional operation.

#### 1.2 Qualified Personnel

This measuring system must be operated by qualified personnel and in compliance with the relevant technical specifications only. Qualified personnel include such persons who are conversant with the setting up, mounting and starting up of the measuring system and who have qualifications that are appropriate for the tasks they're about to perform.

#### 1.3 Intended Use

Amplifiers from Althen Mess- & Sensortechnik GmbH serve to measure the intended measurand and the evaluation thereof in combination with one or more sensors. Any other use over and above that is regarded as non-intended use.



# 2 Instructions for use of the measuring amplifier

**Notice:** The parameterizations, further information concerning the scaling as well as the customized analogue output can be found on the additional sheet "Device-Configuration".

Since this amplifier is a highly sensitive measurement technology product, it must be used for its intended use as well as the described operating conditions only. Initial start-up and changes in setup and settings must be done by qualified personnel only. To prevent interventions / modifications made by unauthorized personnel, suitable measures must be taken. Both function and calibration must be checked regularly.

The amplifier must be operated with a separate power source used for measurement devices only. Shielded cables, preferably twisted in pairs should be used only. The EMC-installation instructions must be complied with. To avoid possible potential equalization currents over the shield of the cable to the following evaluation unit, this shield should be connected over a suitable capacitor (10 nF / 200 V).

Overall the shield connections must be done properly to EMC-standards (as short as possible with large wire cross-section) and connected to a central point (star grounding). In order to not increase the disturbance sensitivity of the amplifier, all cables should be kept as short as possible and should not be extended. Possible cable-bound disturbances (i.e. noise) must be blocked very near the cable ends (evaluation unit) by suitable measures.

**Notice:** Changes of the amplifier of any kind demand for the explicit approval of Althen Mess- & Sensortechnik GmbH. Changes of any kind done without that approval exclude all possible warranty and/or liability of Althen Mess- & Sensortechnik GmbH.

# 2.1 Instructions for use of strain gauge sensors

**Notice:** Strain gauge sensors with a small range are extremely sensitive to improper handling. Force transducers can be destroyed simply by touching. Same applies for the diaphragms of pressure transducers. So bear in mind: handle with care!

Loading the transducer in excess of the nominal range may result in an increased and lasting zero balance offset as well as damage to the sensor. The same applies to short-term force or pressure impulses that exceed the nominal range.

To most force transducers the force must be applied centrically in order to avoid shear forces, what may be harmful to the sensor, or may cause measurement inaccuracy. Centric force transmission can be ensured by rounded surfaces, joint heads or other suitable guides.

Tightening torques while mounting any sensors may result in an increased zero balance offset.

If the sensor has been replaced, the calibration of the amplifier must be checked. A new adjustment might be necessary.



# 3 Technical Description

The described dual- channel measuring amplifier serves to supply one or two strain gauge sensors with a full bridge resistance of 300 ohms or more each and the amplification of the sensors signals.

The supply voltage of the amplifier is galvanically isolated from analogue output, sensor supply and sensor signal.

The circuitry is in 4-wire technology. Standard analogue output is available for further investigation.

The green LEDs on top of the amplifier indicate the presence of the supply voltage i.e. internal  $\pm$  15 V supply.

The coarse amplification is determined by an internal resistor and can be fine adjusted by a potentiometer (V) on front/back of the amplifier. A second potentiometer (N) on front allows the correction of the zero point.

In order to get best accuracy, the amplifier is to be grounded. Same applies for the data logger.

### ■ 4 Terminal Assignment

The electrical connections are made via jacks and plugs.

7-pin connector

PIN	Description		Color	Description
1	+ excitation		red	+ analogue output
2	N.C.		black	ground analogue output
3	+ signal			
4	- signal		BNC-connector	
5	N.C.			
6	- excitation			Description
7	N.C.		inner	+ analogue output
			outer	around analoque output

2mm-connector

Supply ground and analogue output ground are isolated galvanically.

# 4.1 Supply voltage

The supply of the amplifier can be done with any GL- data logger power unit. If more than one amplifier is being used, an extra power unit might be necessary. To protect the electronics, a self-healing "polyswitch-resetable"- fuse is built in.



# 4.1.1 Galvanic isolation

Supply voltage and analogue output are galvanically isolated and have no common reference potential.

# ■ 4.2 Strain gauge excitation voltage

The described measuring amplifier is able to supply one or two strain gauge transducer. Any strain gauge full bridge with a bridge resistance of 300 ohms or more may be connected. The transducer can be supplied with a unipolar voltage of either 5 V or 10 V.

# 4.3 Analogue output

The following normalized analogue output is available:

# 0 ... +10 V resp. ± 10 V

Max. capacity: 1mA

Analogue voltage output can be picked up at the suitable jacks. See label on amplifier.



# 5 Starting up

If an adjustment (A-K-1K / A-D-1K) has been ordered in combination with the amplifier(-s) and/or transducers(-s), it may be necessary for a slight fine adjustment nonetheless. This is due to possible various environmental influences as well as to mounting etc.

If any visual damage or malfunctions are noticed, the measuring system must be switched off and marked appropriately.

- Mounting transducer and amplifier
- Connect transducer to the amplifier
- Connect multimeter to analogue output
- Connect supply voltage consider pin assignment
- Allow the system about 30 min. to warm up
- Check function and calibration of the system

**Notice:** The allocation of transducer / amplifier is to be complied with. After replacing a transducer, the calibration has to be checked. It is to be noted that there is a slight dependence between zero-point adjustment and amplification (gain).

# **5.1.1** Zero-point adjustement range

It is to be noted, that there is a slight dependence between zero-point adjustment and amplification (gain). The zero-point adjustment range is approx.  $\pm$  10 %.

**Notice:** A base load reduces the remaining load capacity by just that value. Overloading may cause damage!

#### Base load / tare + maximum load to measure < capacity of transducer



# 5.2 Adjustment / calibration of the amplifier

In order to adjust or calibrate the amplifier a multimeter has to be connected to the analogue output.

#### Inspection:

- Unload the measuring device.
- Connect the multimeter (refer to chapter 4 "Terminal Assignment").
- Set the analogue output to 0 Volts.
- Load the measuring device (i.e. the transducer) at least 3 times with its maximum load.
- Load the device with 80 % of its maximum load.
- Check if the analogue outputs complies with the load and is within the designated specs.
- If not, the measurement system might need to be re-adjusted. Above that, the installation position and the overall setup might need an inspection.

### Adjustment / Calibration:

The coarse amplification, and thus the voltage output, is determined by an internal resistor ( $R_G$ ) and can be fine adjusted by a potentiometer (P-O2).

Before the calibration a warm-up time of approx. 30 mins should be kept. The measuring device has to be unloaded.

Unloaded means with:

- Force transducers: no applied force at all
- Pressure transducers no pressure, except atmospheric influence
- In this unloaded state adjust the zero-point with the potentiometer P-01.
- Apply a defined load. (by calibrated weights, pressure generator etc.)
- Adjust the analogue output corresponding to the applied load.

In order to reach the required accuracy, it may be necessary to repeat these steps.

**Notice**: After re-adjusting, the potentiometers should be sealed with anti-tamper seal.



# **5.3** Calculation of the amplification determining resistor

The amplification is:

 $\mathsf{G}_{\mathsf{total}} = \mathsf{G}_{\mathsf{differential}} \, \mathsf{amplifier} \, \, \mathsf{X} \, \, \mathsf{G}_{\mathsf{output}} \, \mathsf{stage}$ 

The amplification of the output stage is adjustable with the potentiometer (GAIN). The adjustable range is:

Gfinal stage = 8,5 ... 11,5 Volts

Calculation of the coarse amplification resistor  $R_G$  (applies for 10 Volts output and 10 V Sensor excitation):

${\sf G}$ differential amplifier	=	1000 mV Exc. (V) x Signal ( <del>mV</del> )		
Rg	=	60 kOhm (G differential amplifier –4)		
Example:				
Transducer:	2,5000 mV/V	(0,0025V/V)		
Excitation:	10,000 V			
R <sub>G</sub>	=	60 kOhm ( <u>1V</u> 10 V x 0,0025 V-4)	=	1667 Ohm



### 6 Maintenance

The flawless function and calibration of the whole measuring system is to be checked regularly. This inspection is also necessary after every repair or change of any component of the measurement system.

#### 7 Old appliances disposal

According to European and German law, it is prohibited to dispose of old electronic devices by household waste, but must be collected and disposed of separately.

Amplifiers and measurement units manufactured and sold by Althen Mess- & Sensortechnik GmbH serve B2B purposes only. Therefore, those old appliances must not be given to the communal disposer, but must be given back to the seller or disposed of properly. If you need any further information, please contact your local authorities.

These measures serve protection of the environment and allow recycling and recovery of valuable materials. Furthermore, do electronic devices contain substances that may cause damage to the environment if burned or dumped with normal household waste.

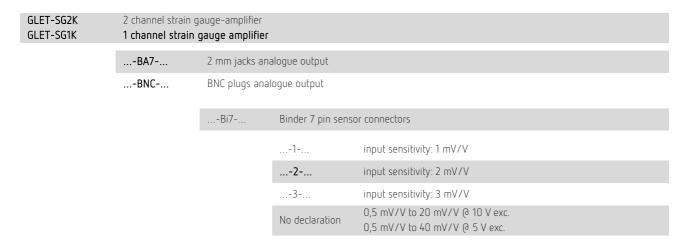


# Appendix

# Datasheet

Number of measuring channels:	2 (full bridge >300 Ω)	
Supply voltage:	24 VDC by datalogger- power adaptor	
lsolating proof voltage input to output:	200 V	Higher isolated proof voltage on request
Power consumption:	max. 2 W	
Excitation:	5 or 10 VDC	
Analogue output	0 10 V / ±10 V	max. 1 mA (short-period short circuit proof)
Limit-frequency (-3 dB):	1 kHz	
Input resistance	>3 MΩ	
Max. input sensitivity:	Version1: 1 mV/V Version2: 2 mV/V Version3: 3 mV/V	on request customized 0,5 mV/V to 20 mV/V @ 10 V exc. 0,5 mV/V to 40 mV/V @ 5 V exc.
Non-linearity	±0,05 % f.s.o.	
Electrical connections:	jacks / plugs	
Enclosure:	aluminum enclosure (IP20),	
Dimension (H x W x D):	45 x 115 x 90 mm	
Weight:	380 g	
Temperature, storage:	-20 °C +60 °C	
Temperature, operating:	0 °C +50 °C	

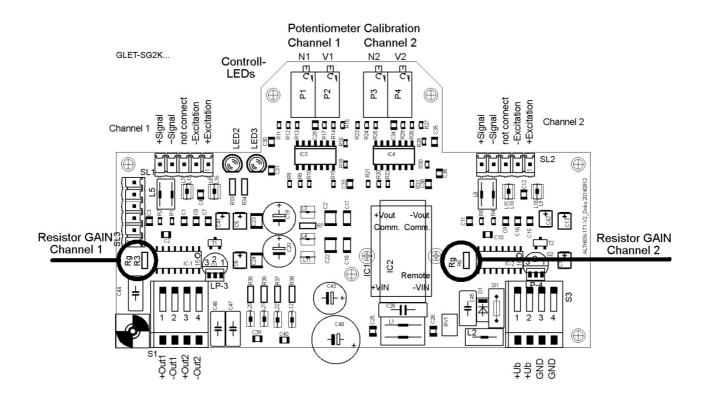
### Order designation



**Notice**: If an adjustment (A-x-2K) has been ordered with the amplifier, the last part (regarding the standard-sensitivity) of the ordering code is irrelevant. Please state the desired sensitivity along with the order.

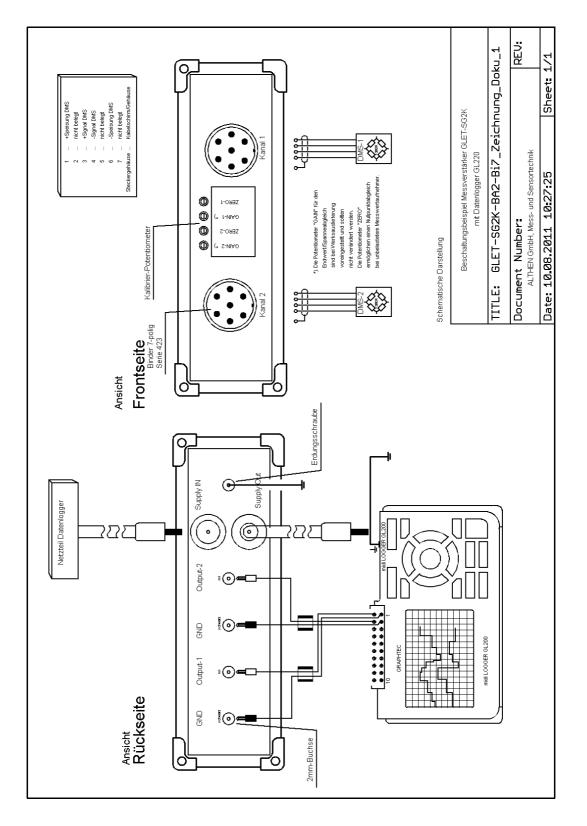


# Component diagram





# Wiring diagram



Subject to modifications.

All information describe our products in general form.